

### SAFETY DATA SHEET - CRACK FLUSHING AGENT

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier Crack Flushing Agent

Other Means of Identification

Cleaning solution, acid

**Recommended Use** Industrial use, professional use only

Restrictions on Use None known

**Supplier Identifier** Multiurethanes Ltd.

5245 Creekbank Rd, Mississauga, ON L4W 1N3

**Emergency Telephone** 

Number

1-800-663-6633

24hr Service - 613-996-6666 (CANUTEC)

### **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Classification Corrosive to Metals - Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products

Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

**Label Elements** 

Hazard Pictogram



<u>Signal Word</u> Danger

<u>Hazard Statements</u> Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May be corrosive to metals.



<u>Precautionary Statements</u> Wear appropriate protective equipment.

Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapours.

Wash hands and exposed skin after handling.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulation.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

Seek medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse with water. Seek medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air.

Seek medical attention.

Other Hazards Contact with most metals will generate flammable

hydrogen gas. Contact with water gives off heat. Burning

produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Chronic skin contact with low concentrations may cause dermatitis.

May cause respiratory tract irritation.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration	Common Names / Synonyms
Phosphoric Acid	7664-38-2	75%	Orthophosphoric acid, Hydrogen Phosphate

**Notes** Mixture containing acids.

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation** Immediately remove person to fresh air. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen by qualified medical personnel only. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek

immediate medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wear appropriate protective equipment. Immediately

remove all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with gently flowing, running water for at least 20 minutes. Do not rub area of contact. Seek immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Contaminated leather may require disposal.



### **Eye Contact**

Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. If contact lens is present, do not delay flushing or attempt to remove the lens until flushing is done. Seek immediate medical attention.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head positioned between legs to avoid breathing in of vomit, rinse mouth and have victim drink one to two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

# Most Important Symptoms and Effects (Acute or Delayed)

Causes severe skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include severe pain, blurred vision, redness and corrosive damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and bleeding.

# Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Immediate medical attention is required. Causes chemical burns. Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use media suitable to the surrounding fire such as water fog or fine spray, alcohol foams, carbon dioxide and dry chemical. May react with water. Use water spray with caution.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Use water spray with caution. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## **Specific Hazards Arising** from the Product

Not considered flammable. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of internal pressure.



Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply or any natural waterway. Dike for water control.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Refer to section 8 for additional information on acceptable personal protective equipment. Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces. If necessary, dike well ahead of the spill to prevent runoff into drains, sewers, or any natural waterway or drinking supply.

Methods for Containment and Cleaning Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of release. Stop the spill at source if it is safe to do so. Dike for water control. Dilute alkali with water and neutralize with acids (e.g. acetic acid/vinegar). Contain and absorb spilled liquid with non-combustible, inert absorbent material (e.g. sand), then place absorbent material into a container for later disposal (refer to section 13). Notify the appropriate authorities as required.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Refer to section 8 for additional information on acceptable personal protective equipment. Do not breathe fumes, mists or vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, flame



and from incompatibles. May react with water, generating heat. When diluting, always add the product to water; never add water to the product. When mixing with water, stir small amounts in slowly. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapour) and can be dangerous.

# **Conditions for Safe Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Keep away from incompatibles. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. Do not freeze. Store in corrosion-resistant containers. Avoid contact with aluminum, water, metals (e.g. tin, aluminum, zinc and alloys containing these metals), strong oxidizers (e.g. Chlorine, Peroxides, etc.), acids (e.g. sulfuric acid, nitric acid), caustics, amines, alcohols.

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Control Parameters**

ACGIH TLV – TWA = 1 mg/m $^3$ , STEL = 3 mg/m $^3$ OSHA PEL – PEL = 1 mg/m $^3$ , STEL = not available

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure limits. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

## Individual Protection Measures

Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations exceed exposure. NIOSH-approved respirators are recommended. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used in emergency situations or instances where exposure levels are not known. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02. Impervious gloves must be worn when using this product. Wear as appropriate: Neoprene; Polyvinylchloride; Viton; Butyl rubber; Nitrile rubber; Polyethylene. Unsuitable material: polyvinyl alcohol. Wear chemically protective gloves



(impervious), boots, aprons, and gauntlets to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact. Chemical splash goggles must be worn when handling this material. A full face shield may also be necessary. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of work, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Clear colourless liquid

Odour None

Odour Threshold Not applicable

**pH** < 1.0 (1% solution = 2.1)

**Melting Point/Freezing** 

**Point** 

-17.5°C (0.5°F)

Initial Boiling Point/

**Boiling Range** 

135°C (275°F)

Flash Point Not applicable

**Evaporation Rate** Not available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available

Upper/Lower

Flammable/Explosive

Limit

Not applicable

Vapour Pressure 5.63

Vapour Density 3.5

**Relative Density** 1.573

Solubility in Water Very soluble



**Solubility in Other** 

Liquids

Not available

**Partition Coefficient**,

n-Octanol / Water

Not applicable

**Auto-ignition** 

**Temperature** 

Not applicable

**Decomposition** 

**Temperature** 

Not available

**Viscosity** 

18 cSt @ 20°C (68°F)

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity Not normally reactive. May be corrosive to metals.

> Contact with most metals will generate flammable hydrogen gas. Contact with water will generate

considerable heat.

**Chemical Stability** Stable under recommended handling and storage

conditions (refer to section 7).

**Possibility of Hazardous** 

Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid heat and open flame. Keep away from

incompatibles. Keep container tightly closed when not in

use. Avoid contact with water.

**Incompatible Materials** Water, metals (e.g. tin, aluminum, zinc and alloys

containing these metals), strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine,

peroxides, etc.), acids (e.g. sulfuric acid, nitric acid),

caustics, amines, alcohols.

Hazardous

**Decomposition Products** 

May produce oxides of phosphorus and phosphoric

anhydride.



### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Acute Toxicity** This material is classified as hazardous under U.S.

OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products

Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

**LD50 and LC50 Data** Oral LD50, rat = 4,400 mg/kg

Dermal LD50, rabbit = > 3,160 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50 = not available

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation** This material is classified as hazardous under U.S.

OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015). Classification: Skin Irritation - Category 1 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products

Regulations) (WHMIS 2015). Classification: Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1 Causes serious eye

damage.

Respiratory or Skin

Sensitization

Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.

**Teratogenicity** Not available

**Carcinogenicity** No components are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH,

IARC. OSHA or NTP.

**Specific Target Organ** 

Toxicity (Single

Exposure)

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific

target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated

Exposure)

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific

target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

**Reproductive Toxicity** Not expected to have other reproductive effects.



**Aspiration Hazard** May cause severe irritation to the nose, throat and

respiratory tract. May cause severe irritation and

corrosion damage in the mouth, throat and stomach.

**Symptoms/Injuries After** 

Inhalation

Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest

pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed.

**Symptoms/Injuries After** 

**Skin Contact** 

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015). Classification: Skin Irritation - Category 1 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Symptoms/Injuries After** 

**Eye Contact** 

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015). Classification: Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1 Causes serious eye

damage.

**Symptoms/Injuries After** 

Ingestion

Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns,

perforations, bleeding and eventually death.

**Chronic Symptoms** Chronic skin contact with low concentrations may cause

dermatitis.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** The ecological characteristics of this product have not

> been fully investigated. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses, or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters. Toxicity is

primarily associated with pH.

Persistence and

Degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not

applicable to inorganic substances.

Bioaccumulative

**Potential** 

Not available

**Mobility in Soil** Not available



Other Adverse Effects Not available

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal Methods**Dispose of material in accordance with all applicable

federal, state/provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Regulation	UN No.	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group
TDG	UN1805	PHOSPHORIC ACID	8	III
		SOLUTION		
49CFR/DOT	UN1805	PHOSPHORIC ACID,	8	III
		LIQUID		

**Special Precautions** Not applicable

**Environmental Hazards** Refer to section 12.

**Transport in Bulk** May be shipped as LIMITED QUANTITY. Please refer to

transportation of dangerous goods guidelines for your

area.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

OHSA Status Hazardous; irritant; corrosive

**TSCA Status** Components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

**CERCLA Reportable** 

Quantity

Not applicable for typical product application.

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely hazardous substances - no known reportable

constituents.



**SARA Title III Section** 

311/312

Hazard categories – acute health hazard; chronic health

hazard.

**SARA Title III Section 313** Toxic Chemical Release Reporting - not applicable.

RCRA Status It is the responsibility of the product user to determine, at

the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified

as a hazardous waste.

WHMIS Rating Class E - Corrosive Material

NAERG Rating 154

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Date of Latest Revision September 21, 2017