

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Crack Flushing Agent

Other Means of Identification

Crack flush, acid flush

Recommended Use Professional use only

Restrictions on Use None known

Supplier Identifier Multiurethanes Ltd.

5245 Creekbank Rd

Mississauga, ON L4W 1N3

Canada

Emergency Telephone

1-800-663-6633

Number

1-613-996-6666 CANUTEC (24hrs)

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

<u>Corrosive to Metals</u> Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/Eye

Irritation

Category 1

Label Elements

Hazard Pictogram



Signal Word DANGER

<u>Hazard Statements</u> May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

<u>Precautionary Statements</u> **Prevention**

Wear appropriate protective equipment.

Avoid breathing fume/mist/vapours.

Wash hands and exposed skin after handling.



Response

IF ON SKIN: Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical attention.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Keep away from incompatibles. Do not freeze. Store in corrosion-resistant containers.

Disposal

Dispose of material in accordance with all applicable federal, state/provincial, and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the sole responsibility of the waste generator.

Other Hazards

Contact with most metals will generate flammable hydrogen gas. Contact with water gives off heat. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Chronic skin contact with low concentrations may cause dermatitis. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture containing acids

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Concentration (% by weight)	Common Names / Synonyms	Other Identifiers	
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	75%	Orthophosphoric Acid Hydrogen Phosphate	Not available	

Notes Not available

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Immediately remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by qualified medical personnel only. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention.



Skin Contact Wear appropriate protective equipment. Immediately

remove/take off all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with gently flowing, running water for at least 20 minutes. Do not rub area of contact. Seek immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated

leather may require disposal.

Eye Contact Wear appropriate protective equipment. Protect unharmed

eye. If in contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. If contact lens is present, do not delay flushing or attempt to remove the lens until flushing is done. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do

not induce vomiting. Have victim rinse mouth with water, then give one to two glasses of water to drink. Seek immediate

medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and

Delayed

Causes severe skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include severe pain, blurred vision, redness, and corrosive damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may

bleeding.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Immediate medical attention is required. Causes chemical

include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations and

burns. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

fine spray, alcohol foams, carbon dioxide, and dry chemical.

May react with water. Use water spray with caution.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

<u>Media</u>

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Specific Hazards Arising

from the Product

Not considered flammable. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of internal



pressure. Hazardous combustion products include phosphorus oxides.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply or any natural waterway. Dike for water control.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Refer to section 8 for additional information on acceptable personal protective equipment.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of release. Stop the spill at source if it is safe to do so. Dike for water control. Dilute alkali with water and neutralize with acids (e.g., acetic acid/vinegar). Contain and absorb spilled liquid with non-combustible, inert absorbent material (e.g., sand), then place absorbent material into a container for later disposal (see section 13). Notify the appropriate authorities as required.

Notification Procedures

If a spill/release in excess of the EPA reportable quantity is made into the environment, immediately notify the relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental Precautions

Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces. If necessary, dike well ahead of the spill to prevent runoff into drains, sewers, or any natural waterway or drinking supply.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Refer to section 8 for additional



information on acceptable personal protective equipment. Do not breathe fumes or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat and flame. Keep away from incompatibles. May react with water, generating heat. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never add water to the product. When mixing with water, stir small amounts in slowly. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapour) and can be dangerous. Good housekeeping is needed during storage, transfer, handling, and use of this material. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage (including incompatibilities)

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Keep away from incompatibles. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. Do not freeze. Store in corrosion-resistant containers. Avoid contact with water, metals (e.g., tin, aluminum, zinc, and alloys containing these metals), strong oxidizers (e.g., chlorine, peroxides, etc.), acids (e.g., sulfuric acid, nitric acid), caustics, and amines alcohols.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters – Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	Type	Exposure Limit Values	<u>Source</u>
Phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m³	ACGIH TLV
·	STEL	3 mg/m³	ACGIH TLV
	PEL	1 mg/m³	OSHA PEL

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure limits. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Chemical splash goggles must be worn when handling this

material. A full-face shield may also be necessary.

<u>Skin Protection</u> Impervious gloves must be worn when using this product.

Advice should be sought from glove suppliers. Wear as appropriate: Neoprene; Polyvinylchloride; Viton; Butyl rubber;



Nitrile rubber; Polyethylene. Unsuitable material: polyvinyl alcohol. Wear chemically protective gloves (impervious), boots, aprons, and gauntlets to prevent prolonged or repeated

skin contact.

Respiratory Protection Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations exceed

the TLV. NIOSH-approved respirators are recommended. A

self-contained breathing apparatus should be used in

emergency situations or instances where exposure levels are

not known. Seek advice from respiratory protection

specialists. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance

with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02.

Hygiene Measures Do not breathe fumes or mists. Do not ingest. Avoid contact

with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of work, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities. Remove soiled clothing and wash it thoroughly

before reuse.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear colourless liquid

Odour None

Odour Threshold Not applicable

pH < 1.0 (1% solution = 2.1)

Melting Point / Freezing

Point

-17.5°C (0.5°F)

Initial Boiling Point and

Boiling Range

135°C (275°F)

Flash Point Not applicable

Evaporation Rate

(BuAe = 1)

Not available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Upper/Lower Flammability

or Explosive Limits

Not applicable



Vapour Pressure 5.63

Vapour Density (air = 1) 3.5

Relative Density (water = 1) 1.573

Solubility in Water Very soluble

Solubility (other) Not available

Partition Coefficient,

n-octanol / water (logKow)

Not applicable

Auto-ignition Temperature Not applicable

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Viscosity 18 cSt @ 20°C (68°F)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not normally reactive. May be corrosive to metals. Contact

with most metals will generate flammable hydrogen gas. Contact with water will generate considerable heat.

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions

(refer to section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid heat and open flame. Keep away from incompatibles.

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid contact

with water.

Incompatible Materials Water, metals (e.g., tin, aluminum, zinc, and alloys containing

these metals), strong oxidizers (e.g., chlorine, peroxides, etc.), acids (e.g., sulfuric acid, nitric acid), caustics and amines from

alcohols.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

None known



SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Data – Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	<u>Result</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Exposure</u>
Phosphoric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-

Not available **Acute Toxicity**

Respiratory and/or Skin

Sensitization

Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation Causes severe skin burns.

Serious Eye Damage /

Irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Specific Target Organ

Toxicity - Single Exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated

Exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Reproductive Toxicity Not expected to have other reproductive effects.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.

No data available **Aspiration Hazard**

Information on Likely

Routes of Exposure

Inhalation Yes

Skin Contact Yes

Yes Eye Contact

Yes <u>Ingestion</u>

Signs and Symptoms of

Exposure

Inhalation

May cause severe irritation to the nose, throat, and respiratory

tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid

accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain,

shortness of breath) may be delayed.



Skin Contact

Causes severe skin burns. Symptoms may include redness,

blistering, pain and swelling.

Eye Contact

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include severe

pain, blurred vision, redness, and corrosive damage.

Ingestion

May cause severe irritation and corrosive damage in the mouth, throat, and stomach. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, bleeding and

eventually death.

Potential Chronic Health

Effects

Chronic skin contact with low concentrations may cause

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity No components are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC,

OSHA or NTP.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity The ecological characteristics of this product have not been

> fully investigated. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters. Toxicity is primarily associated with

pH.

Persistence and

Degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not

applicable to inorganic substances.

Bioaccumulative Potential No data is available on the product itself.

Mobility in Soil No data is available on the product itself.

Other Adverse Effects No data is available on the product itself.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods If this product as supplied becomes a waste, it may meet the

criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource

Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Dispose of material in accordance with all applicable federal. state/provincial, and local laws and regulations. Regulations



may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the sole responsibility of the waste generator.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Technical Name (for N.O.S. entry)	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group	
TDG	UN1805	PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION	Not applicable	8	III	
additional information	May be shipped as a limited quantity when transported in containers no larger than 4.0 L (1.0 gallon) for liquids or 5.0 kg (11 pounds) for solids, in packages not exceeding 30 kg (66 pounds) gross mass.					
49 CFR/DOT	UN1805	PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION	Not applicable	8	III	
additional information	May be shipped as LIMITED QUANTITY when transported in containers no larger than 1.0 Litre, in packages not exceeding 30 kg gross mass. Under the TDGR, refer to Section 1.17 for additional exemption information if shipping under this exemption.					
IMDG	UN1805 PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION Not applicable 8 III					
ICAO/IATA	UN1805	PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION	Not applicable	8	III	

Tariff Classification Number 2809.20.00

Special Precautions None reported by the manufacturer.

Environmental Hazards Refer to section 12.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canadian Information

Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)

All components are listed on the DSL.

US Information

United States Inventory

(TSCA 8b)

All components are listed.

SARA 304 RQ 2270 kg / 5000 lbs

SARA 311/312 Immediate (Acute) health hazard. Under SARA Sections 311

and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds for the threshold planning quantity (TPQ),



whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous substances and

10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

State Regulation (MA) The following components are listed: Phosphoric Acid

State Regulation (MN) The following components are listed: Phosphoric Acid

State Regulation (NJ) The following components are listed: Phosphoric Acid

State Regulation (PA) The following components are listed: Phosphoric Acid

State Regulation (RI) The following components are listed: Phosphoric Acid

International Information

<u>Ingredients</u>	EU (EINECS)	Australia (AICS)	Philippines (PICCS)	<u>Japan</u> (ENCS)	Korea (KECI/KECL)	China (IECSC)	<u>New</u> <u>Zealand</u> (IOC)
Phosphoric	231-633-2	Present	Present	(1)-422	KE-27427	Present	HSR001545,
Acid							HSR001571
CAS 7664-38-2							(dilution)

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Latest Revision October 8, 2021

Disclaimer The information provided in this document is correct to the

best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. This information is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. This information is designed only as a general guidance and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified

above.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET